FOOD REGULATION
POLICY FRAMEWORK

This process is flexible to facilitate back and to ensure issues are assessed adequately. A decision to discontinue the process can be made at any point.

Risk analysis
Use of risk tools to assess the priority and ensure the case for action is made.

Authorising environment requires clear:
- Scope
- Objectives
- Permission

Equally time investment

Policy initiation
1/3 of effort and time will focus on understanding the issue and developing a case.

Policy development and evidence
1/3 of focus and time on outcomes, opinions and recommendation/advice.

Evaluation and review
1/3 of effort and time on implementation and evaluating the effectiveness of the policy.

The full range of regulatory and non-regulatory and government or industry initiated options need to be explored, including:
- Education
- Partnering
- Communication and information
- Voluntary industry standards
- Industry codes of practice
- Incentive programs
- Co-regulatory arrangements
- Industry driven alternative solutions and development of food standards.

Communicate and engage
Engage stakeholders, listen to feedback, consider partnering, communicate on status, consider implementation early.

Data, information and evidence
Environment scan, stakeholders have access to all data. Central catalogue of known available data and potential source. Explore and trusted partnerships. A range of risk tools, with varying criteria, will be used throughout the process and further information and evidences will better inform the risk analysis.

Gateways:
Gateway 1
- Agreed priority for bi-national response
- Jurisdiction response
- No further action

Gateway 1 (go, no go)

Gateway 2 (go, no go)
Put in place the selected option

Policy advice
For a recommendation and provide policy advice to ministers

Build and implement

Evaluation of effectiveness of policy
Results will then feed back into the policy strategy to reinforce why the issue required development

Understand the issue
- Does the risk affect >1 jurisdiction
- Analysis and assessment
- Is the case made?

Describe the desired outcome
- Define success and intent

Develop and evaluate options
- No action
- Not regulatory
- Regulatory
- Exploring, designing and testing - consider outcomes

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